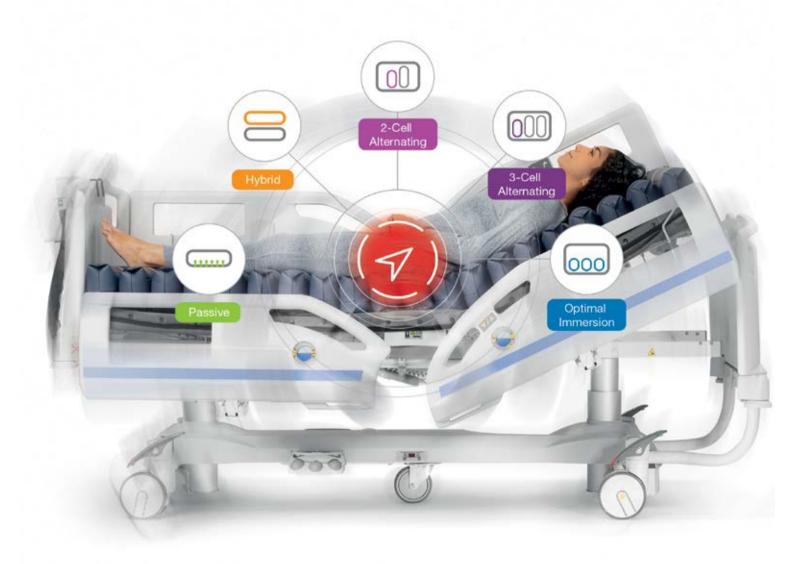
SUPPORT SURFACES Pressure Care Navigator





Technologies for Pressure Injury Prevention Support

Pressure Injuries

The use of support surfaces is included in nearly all evidencebased clinical practice guidelines as a component of comprehensive pressure injury prevention programs and treatment recommendations.





60,000

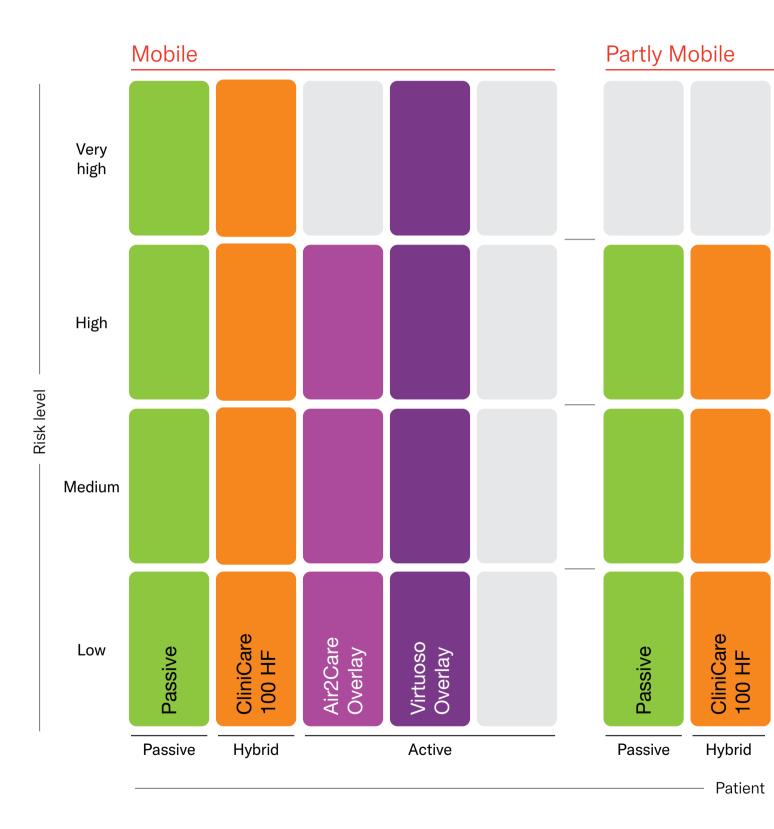
patients die every year as a direct result of pressure injuries(2)

2.5× more

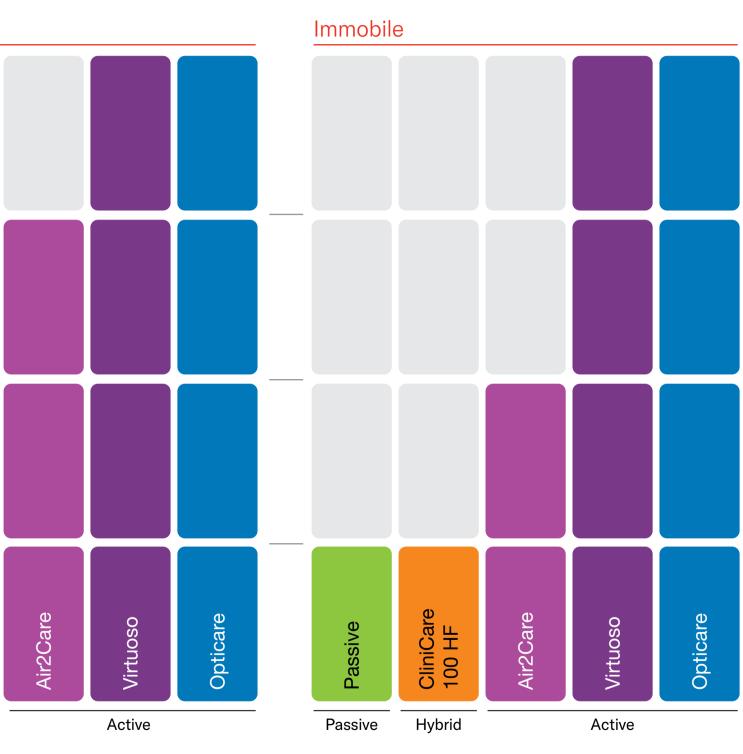
; | ★|=

expensive to treat pressure injuries than to prevent them(3)

CHOOSE THE RIGHT SURFACE



This general classification is the producer's recommendation of mattress usage based on patient's condition.



mobility rate

Overview of Surfaces

Passive Foam Support Surfaces



Various foam types and designs to improve pressure redistribution through

immersion and envelopment.

 Designed to improve pressure distribution according to the patient's position and movement.



Foam/air hybrids function as a passive mattress when there is no active power source but can be converted into an active

system with power source.

2-Cell Al



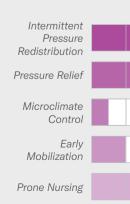
Alternate are design any part of being sub

pressure by alternatin body that are loaded a

 Cell deflation of 2-50 % of the body's one time



In a 2-cell system, every alternate cell inflates while the intermediate cells deflate.







ternating

ring Pressure Systems ned to prevent of the body from jected to sustained g the parts of the at any one time.

cell systems covers surface area at any





Active Systems

3-Cell Alternating



Alternatering Pressure Systems are designed to prevent any part of the body from being subjected to sustained pressure by alternating the parts of the body that are

loaded at any one time.

- The 3-cell system allows for 66 % of the body's surface to always be supported and 33 % to be completely offloaded



In a 3-cell system, one in three cells deflates at any given time.





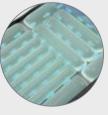
Constant low pressure mattresses are active mattresses that provide pressure redistribution. This is achieved by reducing the

air pressure in the cells to a level that both supports the patient and immerses them into the mattress to increase the contact surface area.

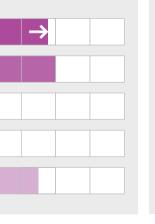
Pressure redistribution is the consequence of two mechanisms:

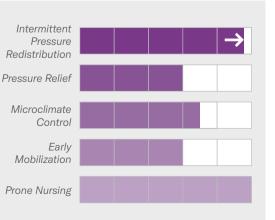
- Immersion the ability to sink into a support surface
- Envelopment The ability of a support surface to wrap around the shape of the body⁽⁴⁾

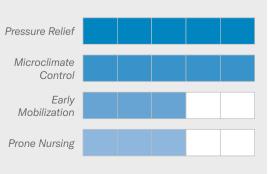




Optimal Immersion provides the optimal pressure redistribution without a risk of bottoming out.







Active and Hybrid Mattresses

Optimal Immersion





Opticare X

Premium Optimal Immersion



3-Cell Alternating Systems





Hybrid Systems

One

Clinicare 100 HF Air2Care 5 Overlay Air2Care 6 **Advanced Pressure** Value 2-Cell Alternating Advanced 2-Cell Alternating Redistribution - Active and Passive System in - Periodic Pressure Relief - Periodic Pressure Relief Microclimate Management - Availability of Prone Nursing

2-Cell Alternating Systems

Virtuoso 200 Virtuoso 300 Advanced 3-Cell Alternating Premium 3-Cell Alternating Image: Constraint of the second secon

Virtuoso PRO Premium 3-Cell Alternating



Air2Care 10

Advanced 2-Cell Alternating



Periodic Pressure ReliefAPT, CLP, MAX

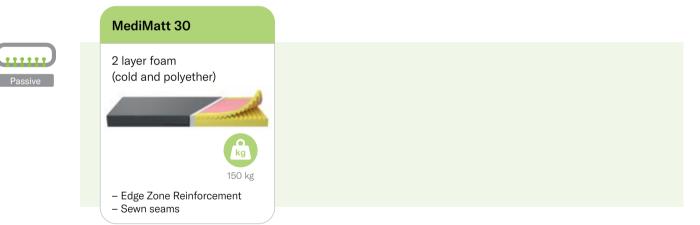


Passive Mattresses

Premium



Advanced



Value





Understanding Clinical and Technical Terms

LINET guides and international resources are intended to help readers understand support surfaces and technologies so clinical staff and organizations can select product solutions that best suit their patients and their facility.

Pressure Care and Support Surfaces

- -Clinical Terminology
- —Support Surface Related Terminology



Optimal Immersion

- -Pressure Redistribution Principles
- Important Concepts

 of Immersion,
 Envelopment, Critical
 Immersion and Optimal
 Immersion

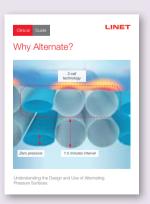




Why Alternate?

- Performance of Alternating Pressure Mattresses
- Different Design
 Options eg. 2-Cell and
 3-Cell Sytems

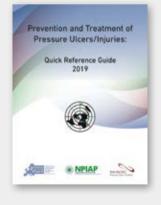




Resources

 Learn more about strategies based on recent updates and guidelines
 www.epuap.com





References

(1-3) Pressure Injury Fact Sheet, NPIAP, www.npiap.com

(4) European Pressure Ulcer Advisory Panel, National Pressure Injury Advisory Panel and Pan Pacific Pressure Injury Alliance. Prevention and Treatment of Pressure Ulcers/Injuries: Clinical Practice Guideline. The International Guideline. Emily Haesler (Ed.). EPUAP/NPIAP/ PPPIA; 2019.



Members of LINET Group

LINET spol. s r.o. Želevčice 5 | 274 01 Slaný | Czech Republic tel.: +420 312 576 400 | fax: +420 312 522 668 | e-mail: info@linet.com | www.linet.com



LINET | Edition 02/2023 | Slight colour differences are possible. Change of technical parameters reserved.